NEW YORK STATE

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Materials Bureau

"SAMPLING AND STOCK LOT CONTROL

of

PREFORMED ELASTIC JOINT SEALER"

I. INTRODUCTION

This method describes specific procedures for the SAMPLING AND STOCK LOT CONTROL of PREFORMED ELASTIC JOINT SEALER manufactured for Department projects. It encompasses an inventory control system whereby material is accepted in stock lots for eventual shipment to Department projects thereby eliminating the need for individual shipment inspection and jobsite sampling. This procedure benefits Department projects by assuring that acceptable material is available for incorporation into project work. The control system is implemented by sampling and testing material in stock lots as it is manufactured. After sampling and proper identification, thru the use of Department seals, the material is tested by the Department. If found acceptable, it is identified as such and released for shipment to Department projects as required.

II. DEFINITIONS

1. Manufacturer

A company actually engaged in the production of Preformed Elastic Joint Sealer at a given location.

2. Department

The New York State Department of Transportation.

3. Materials Bureau

A facility of the New York State Department of Transportation which may be contacted by mailing to:

Harry H. McLean,
Director of Engineering Materials
Lab. Bldg., 1220 Washington Avenue
Bldg. #7, State Campus
Albany, New York 12226

or

Telephoning the Product Control Office at:

Area Code 518 Number 457-5642

or

T.W.X. to: 710-441-88221 N.Y.S. D.o.T., Albany Campus Materials Bureau, P.C.O.

4. Inspection Authority

An office designated by the Materials Bureau as responsible for inspection control on behalf of the Department at specific manufacturers.

5. Plant Inspector

An individual employed by the Inspection Authority and approved by the Materials Bureau to function on inspection assignments on behalf of the Department.

6. Project Inspector

An individual assigned by the Department's Project Engineer to function on inspection assignments at the project.

7. Preformed Elastic Joint Sealer, Joint Sealer or Sealer

Terms used to refer to any or all of the following preformed elastic joint sealers:

- a. Longitudinal Highway Joint Sealer.
- b. Transverse Highway Contraction Joint Sealer.
- c. 1 5/8 inch Highway Expansion Joint Sealer
- d. Bridge Joint Sealers.

8. Packaging Units

- a) <u>Cartons</u> made of durable material containing sealer wound in coils or on spools.
- b) Small Reels made of wood or metal and wound with sealer and encircled with a cardboard covering. The ends of the covering should be joined together with strong tape, or the covering may be secured in place with encircling metal bands.

Note: The term small reel describes a reel approximately four feet in diameter, three feet in width and should not be confused with a large

telephone cable reel of approximately eight feet diameter and five feet width.

- c) <u>Telephone Cable Reels</u> made of wood or metal and wound with sealer and encircled with a firmly banded cardboard cover.
- d) Pallets containing coils or lengths of sealer banded to the pallet with cardboard between the sealer and bands.

The maximum amount of sealer contained in/on each type of packaging unit is given in the table below.

Joint Sealer Type	Carton or Small Reel	Telephone Cable Reel	Pallet
Longitudinal Highway	1500'	Not Allowed*	Not Allowed*
Transverse Highway Contraction	600'	50001	Not Allowed*
1 5/8 inch Highway Expansion	6001	5000'	Not
Bridge	No Maximum	4000!	Allowed* No Maximum

^{*} NOT ALLOWED - signifies packaging that cannot be used for that type of sealer.

9. <u>Lot</u>

A lot shall consist of one specific size and style of preformed elastic joint sealer produced in a reasonably continuous manner and shall be made up of one or more carton(s) or small reel(s) of sealer

or

for Transverse Highway Contraction, Bridge, or 1 5/8" Highway Expansion Joint Sealer, one large telephone cable reel of sealer

or

for Bridge Sealer one or more pallets of sealer.

10. Sample Frequency

The number of small reels or cartons (Packaging other than telephone cable reels or pallets) of joint sealer to be sampled for each lot is outlined in the following sample table:

> NYSDOT Library 50 Wolf Road, POD 34 Pany, New York 12232

	Sampling Table	Lot rejection will
Lot Size (No. of Reels or cartons)	Number of Units Sampled	occur when the number of sample failures equal or exceeds
1-50 51-150 151-280 281-500	5 (See Note 2) 20 32 50	1 2 3 1

Note 1: When telephone cable reels or pallets are used for packaging, the rate of sampling is given under the definition of "Sample Size" below.

Note 2: When the number of units to be sampled exceeds the lot size, sample all units in the lot.

11. Sample Size

The quantity of sealer cut from each unit selected for sampling is shown in the following table:

Joint Sealer Type	Carton or Small Reel	Telephone Cable Reel	Pallet
Longitudinal	* 5' - 9' lengths	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Transverse Highway Contraction	91	2 - 9 foot lengths; one from each end of the sealer	Not Applicable
1 5/8 in. Highway Expansion	91	2 - 9 foot lengths	Not Applicable
Bridge	3,	31	3' for Pallets containing 120' or less. 15 additional inches when more than 120'

12. Manufacturer's Extrusion Mark

A manufacturer's identification mark extruded on all joint seal produced for Department use. This mark must be registered with the Rubber Manufacturers Association Inc. or with the Materials Bureau.

13. Seals

Tape and metal devices, as described below, to insure content security of packages of Preformed Elastic Joint Sealer. These seals are furnished to the Inspector by the Department.

a. Red Tape Seal

A red tamper proof tape seal imprinted "N.Y.S. SAMPLED".

b. Green Tape Seal

A green tamper proof tape seal imprinted "N.Y.S. ACCEPTED".

c. Red Metal Seal

A red metal tamper proof seal imprinted "N.Y.S. SAMPLED".

d. Green Metal Seal

A green metal tamper proof seal imprinted "N.Y.S. ACCEPTED".

14. Forms

The following forms are published and issued by the Department for use by the Materials Bureau and Inspection Authorities.

a. BR-240, Sample and Acceptance Transmittal

This form transmits the Inspector's sample information to the Materials Bureau and upon validation conveys acceptance action to the Inspector. Detailed instructions for proper completion and transmittal are contained in Materials Method 18.1.

b. BR-241, Transmittal Envelope

This is a heavy duty envelope used to contain the form BR-240.

III. EVIDENCE OF ACCEPTABILITY

1. At Manufacturing Plant

A green copy of Form BR-240 in the possession of the Inspector, properly noted with the word "accepted" and validated by the Materials Bureau.

2. At Project Location

a. Each package sealed as follows:

(1) Carton

Four red tape seals, two sealing the top and two sealing the bottom of the carton and two green tape seals affixed to the side of the carton containing the labelling information.

(2) Small Reel

Two red and two green tape seals securing the ends of the encircling cardboard covering, or if metal bands are used to hold the cover in place, one red and one green tape seal across each metal band securing the band to the cardboard covering.

(3) Telephone Cable Reel

One red and one green tape seal across each metal band sealing the band to the cardboard covering.

(4) Pallet

Two red and two green tape seals across the metal bands sealing the band to the cardboard covering.

- b. The lot number imprinted on the joint sealer.
- c. Presence of the following identifying information on all cartons, reels or pallets:
 - (1) Size and style of sealer as shown on the appropriate Standard Sheet or Bridge Design Sheet.
 - (2) N.Y.S. D.o.T. Material Designation.
 - (3) Lot Number
 - (4) Test Number
 - (5) Acceptance Date
 - (6) Date of Manufacture
 - (7) Footage contained in the packaging unit.
 - (8) Manufacturer's name and address

EVIDENCE OF ACCEPTABILITY (continued) Materials Method N.Y. 3
April, 1970

Generally this information may be found in the following locations:

(1) Cartons and Reels

Printed on the side

(2) Pallets

Printed on the cardboard placed between the joint sealer and the metal bands.

IV. STEPS IN PROCEDURE

- Part A Sampling and Stock Lot Control of Cartons and Small Reels of Sealer.
- Part B Sampling and Stock Lot Control of Telephone Cable Reels of Sealer.
- Part C Sampling and Stock Lot Control of Pallets of Sealer.
- A. SAMPLING AND STOCK LOT CONTROL OF CARTONS AND SMALL REELS OF SEALER

Responsibility

Action

Manufacturer

- 1. Assigns a lot number to the sealer to be produced.
 - a. Lot numbers are assigned to each lot offered for Department work, regardless of type or item, in a series starting at the beginning of each calendar year.
- 2. Produces the required sealer.
 - a. All sealer produced must contain the Manufacturer's extrusion mark in the sealer and the lot number printed indelibly on the sealer at no less than three foot intervals.
- 3. Packages the sealer in cartons or on small reels as described under definition Packaging Unit on page Nû.2.

Responsibility

Action

- 4. Labels the side of each unit indelibly with the following information:
 - a. Size and Style of sealer, as shown on appropriate Standard sheet or Bridge Design sheet.
 - b. N.Y.S. D.o.T. Materials Designation.
 - c. Lot Number
 - d. Date of Manufacturer
 - e. Footage contained in the packaged unit.
 - f. Manufacturer's name and address
- 5. Stores the material in an easily accessible location.
- 6. Notifies the Inspection Authority designated by the Department that a lot of material is ready for sampling.

Inspection Authority

- 7. Schedules an inspection call.
- 8. Assigns an Inspector to make a call.

Plant Inspector

- 9. Ascertains that the material is stored in an accessible location.
- 10. Determines that the sealer is packaged according to the definitions of Lot and Packaging Unit on page No(s) 2 & 3.
- 11. Determines that each unit is labeled as described in step 4 above.
- 12. Counts the number of units in the lot.
- 13. Consults the term Sample Frequency under definitions on page No. 3 to determine the number of units to be sampled.

Responsibility

Action

Plant Inspector (cont'd.)

- 14. Numbers each unit by actually marking each, or by mentally designating a number to each.
- 15. Consults the random number table for the numbers of the units to be sampled. The table and instructions for its use are on page No. 18.
- 16. Designates the units to be sampled.

Manufacturer

17. Removes from storage and unwraps the designated units.

Plant Inspector

- 18. Cuts a nine foot sample from each unit of highway sealer selected or a three foot sample from each unit of bridge sealer selected.
 - a. The sample shall be cut from the end of the coil, spool or reel of sealer.
- 19. Marks each sample indelibly with the manufacturer's name and the date of manufacture of the unit from which the sample was cut.
- 20. Supervises the repackaging of the sampled units.
- 21. Seals each unit in the lot by applying the following seals:
 - a. Cartons Two red tape seals to the top and two red tape seals to the bottom of each carton.
 - b. Small Reels Two red tape seals securing the ends of the encircling cardboard covering, or if metal bands are used to hold the cover in place, one red tape seal across each metal band securing the band to the cardboard cover.

Responsibility

Action

Plant Inspector (cont'd.)

- 22. Completes Form BR-240 according to Materials Method N.Y. 18.1. Includes in Box #16 the following:
 - a. Size and Style of sealer.
 - b. Number of units in the lot.
 - c. Number of units sampled.
- 23. Packages samples, includes Form BR-240 enclosed in BR-241 envelope and forwards to the Materials Bureau.
 - a. If transmitted by means not authorized by the Materials Bureau, such as air freight, expense must be borne by the manufacturer.
 - b. If samples are transmitted by the manufacturer, box #16 of the BR-240 shall be noted, "Sample sent by Manufacturer" and each piece of the sample must be sealed by the Inspector, using a red metal seal on a wire passing through a hole punched in each piece.
- 24. Makes the necessary entries in his records as to manufacturer, product type, material designation, date sampled, etc.
- 25. Transmits the samples for testing to the Materials Bureau.

Materials Bureau

- 26. Performs required tests and accepts or rejects the lot on the basis of test results.
- 27. Indicates action on and validates Form BR-240.
- 28. Issues green and yellow copies of Form BR-240 to Inspection Authority.
 - a. Telephone requests to the Materials Bureau, in advance of normal notification of action, will be honored only when received from the Inspector.

Responsibility

Action

Inspection Authority

- 29. Receives green and yellow copies of Form BR-2+0, marked accepted or rejected and validated, from the Materials Bureau.
- 30. Retains the yellow copy and advances the green copy of Form BR-240 to the Inspector.
- 31. Notifies the manufacturer of action taken by the Materials Bureau and provides acceptance information for completion of labeling.
 - a. If the material is REJECTED:
 on a subsequent routine visit
 to the plant, the Inspector will
 remove all red tape seals from
 the units of the rejected lot.
- 32. Arranges for an Inspection call to check labeling and seal acceptable units.

Plant Inspector

33. Checks that the manufacturer has indelibly labeled each unit with the test number and the date of acceptance.

NOTE: At the manufacturers convenience, labeling may be accomplished previous to or coincident with the application of green seals.

- 34. Applies green tape seals to each unit as follows:
 - a. Cartons two green tape seals to the side of the carton containing the labeling.
 - b. Small Reels two green tape seals securing the ends of the encircling cardboard covering, or if metal bands are used to hold the covering in place, one green tape seal across each metal band securing the band to the cardboard covering.

Responsibility Action

Manufacturer

- 35. Makes shipments from the accepted lot without further documentation or supervision of the Inspector.
- 36. Maintains a record of shipments of all Department accepted material.

 These records should include Department's material designation, test number, lot number, quantities shipped and shipping destination.
- 37. Provides shipment record to the Department upon request.

Project Inspector

- 38. Satisfies himself that the required seals, as described under "Evidence of Acceptability," on page <u>5</u> are intact on each unit.
- 39. Consults MURK for additional information concerning acceptances.

B. SAMPLING AND STOCK LOT CONTROL OF TELEPHONE CABLE REELS OF SEALER.

FOR THIS PROCEDURE FOLLOW ALL STEPS GIVEN IN PROCEDURE A, "STOCK LOT CONTROL OF CARTONS, AND SMALL REELS OF SEALER" EXCEPT FOR THE STEPS INDICATED AS REPLACED BY THE STEPS GIVEN BELOW.

1. Packaging by the Manufacturer of Joint Sealer on Cable Reels (Replaces Step 3 of Procedure A.)

The Manufacturer may elect to package Transverse Highway Joint Sealer or Bridge Joint Sealer on telephone cable reels in accordance with the definition 8c "Packaging Unit - Telephone Cable Reel" found on page No.3. When packaging Transverse Highway Sealer enough sealer must be threaded through a hole in the center of the reel to allow the Inspector to take a nine foot sample.

The end of the length of joint sealer on the reel may pass between the cardboard covering and the edge of the reel to facilitate taking a sample without removing the cardboard covering.

The amount of Bridge Sealer allowed on one reel shall not exceed eight hours of continuous production.

The only natural breaks allowed in a reel of Bridge Sealer shall be quantity control breaks.

2. <u>Labeling of Cable Reels of Joint Sealer by the Manufacturer</u> (Replaces Step 4 of Procedure A)

The side of each reel shall be indelibly labeled with the following information:

- a. Size and Style of sealer, as shown on appropriate Standard sheet or Bridge Design sheet.
- b. N.Y.S. D.o.T. Materials Designation
- c. Lot Number
- d. Date of Manufacture
- e. Footage contained on the reel.
- f. Manufacturer's name and address.

3. Sampling Cable Reels of Joint Sealer by the Plant Inspector (Replaces Steps 13 through 18, 22b, and 22c)

Transverse Highway Joint Sealer shall be sampled by cutting two nine-foot lengths, one from the end of joint sealer threaded through the center of the reel and the second from the other end of the joint sealer on the reel.

Bridge Joint Sealer shall be sampled by securing a three foot sample from the end of sealer on the reel.

Each cable reel of joint sealer shall be sampled as a separate lot. In the case where two reels have the same lot number, they should be distinguished by the reel number. Form BR-240 shall be executed for each reel and should include both the lot and reel number.

All unwrapping or rewrapping of the reel shall be done by the manufacturer under direction of the Inspector. The manufacturer shall also provide any aid necessary for the Inspector in securing the sample(s).

4. Security Sealing Sampled Cable Reels of Joint Sealer by the Plant Inspector (Replaces Step 21 of Procedure A)

One red tape seal shall be placed across each metal band

securing the band to the cardboard covering. Any end of joint sealer not secured by the cardboard covering shall be secured by attaching a red metal seal to a sealing wire passing through a hole in the end of the joint sealer.

5. Security Sealing and Labeling Accepted Cable Reels of Joint Sealer (Replaces Steps 33 and 34 of Procedure A.).

The Plant Inspector shall secure accepted reel(s) by placing one green tape seal across each metal band, securing the band to the cardboard covering. At this time, the Inspector shall supervise the manufacturer in labeling the side of the reel with the test number and date of acceptance.

6. Shipment of Cable Reels of Transverse Highway Joint Sealer by the Manufacturer (Replaces Step 35).

After application of green tape seals accepted reel of Transverse Highway Joint Sealer may be shipped to a supply location or Department project without supervision by the Plant Inspector. Any transfer of reels between projects will be handled at the project level as covered under "Manual For Uniform Reported Keeping" (M.U.R.K.).

7. The Repackaging of Cable Reels of Bridge Sealer at the Manufacturer's Plant (Replaces Step 35).

After application of the green tape seals accepted reels of bridge sealer may be shipped to supply location or Department project without further inspection, or the reels of Bridge sealer may be repackaged into cartons under the supervision of the Plant Inspector. The cartons shall be labeled by the manufacturer and sealed by the Inspector as described under Procedure A, "Stock Lot Control of Cartons and Small Reels of Sealer".

During the repackaging operation check samples shall be taken from the sealer on the reel as follows:

- 1. At the first repackaging operation from any material left on the reel.
- 2. At any natural breaks in the sealer which may occur during <u>later</u> repackaging operations.

Note: Natural breaks are those resulting from Quantity Control samples taken by the manufacturer.

After each repackaging operation, if any sealer remains on the reel, the reel shall be repackaged and resealed with red and green tape seals as described in earlier parts of section.

Any Bridge Sealer repackaged into cartons or any resealed cable reels of Bridge Sealer may be shipped by the manufacturer without the presence of the Plant Inspector.

C. SAMPLING AND STOCK LOT CONTROL OF PALLETS OF SEALER.

FOR THIS PROCEDURE FOLLOW ALL STEPS GIVEN IN PROCEDURE A. "STOCK LOT CONTROL OF CARTONS AND SMALL REELS OF SEALER" EXCEPT FOR THE STEPS INDICATED AS REPLACED BY THE STEPS GIVEN BELOW.

1. Packaging by the Manufacturer of Sealer on Pallets (Replaces Step 3 of Procedure A.).

The manufacturer may elect to package bridge sealer on pallets in accordance with definition 8d, "Packaging Unit-Pallet" found on page No. 3. When banding the sealer to pallets enough cardboard material should be placed between the bands and the sealer to prevent the bands from cutting the sealer.

2. <u>Labeling by the Manufacturer of Pallets of Sealer</u> (Replaces Step 4 of Procedure A.).

The following information shall be printed indelibly on the cardboard placed between the bands and sealer:

- a. Size and Style of sealer, as shown on appropriate Standard Sheet or Bridge Design Sheet.
- b. N.Y.S. D.o.T., Materials Designation.
- c. Lot Number
- d. Date of Manufacturer
- e. Footage contained on the pallet.
- f. Manufacturer's name and address.
- 3. Sampling of Pallets of Sealer by the Plant Inspector (Replaces Steps 13 through 18, 22b and 22c of Procedure A.).

Each pallet of Bridge Sealer shall be sampled as follows:

- a. Pallets Containing 120 Feet or Less of Sealer.

 Three feet of sealer shall be cut from the end of a length of sealer.
- b. Pallets Containing More than 120 Feet of Sealer.

 Three feet of sealer shall be cut from the end of a length of sealer and fifteen additional inches from the end of another length or if the pallet contains only one piece of sealer, from the end of sealer not previously sampled.

When submitting the samples to the Materials Bureau the accompanying Form BR-240 shall be noted with the number of pallets sampled and the amounts sampled from each pallet.

4. Application by the Plant Inspector of Security Seals to Sampled Pallets of Sealer (Replaces Step 21 of Procedure A.)

Each pallet shall be secured by applying two red tape seals across the metal bands which hold the joint sealer on the pallet. The seal shall cross the band securing the band to the cardboard underneath.

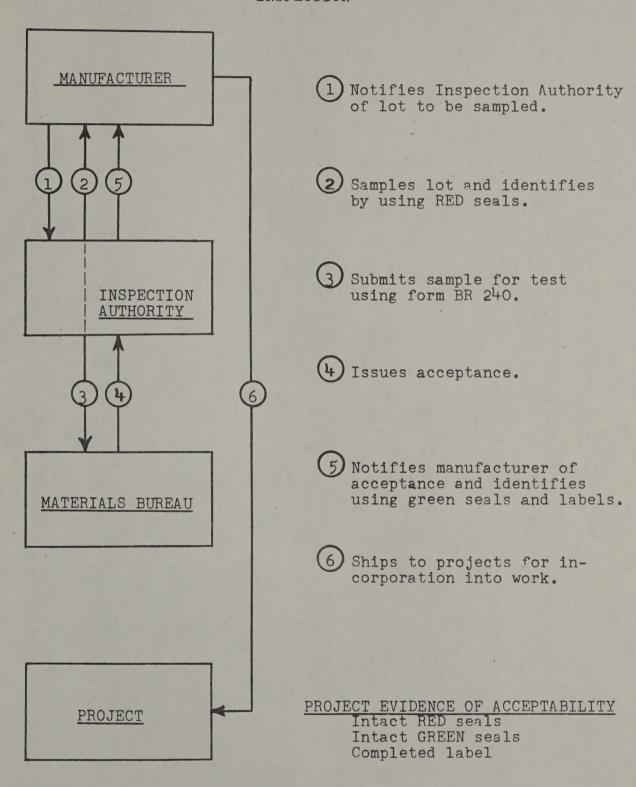
5. Application of Security Seals and Completion of Labeling of Accepted Pallets of Sealer (Replaces Steps 33 and 34 of Procedure A.).

The Plant Inspector shall secure pallets of accepted sealer by affixing green tape seals in the same manner as described for applying red tape seals. The Plant's Inspector shall also supervise the manufacturer in labeling the cardboard covering with the test number and date of acceptance.

FLOW CHART

PREFORMED ELASTIC JOINT SEALER

INSPECTION



- 1. Determine number of digits to be used that correspond with number of units to be sampled. (e.g. 500 units use last three digits of each number in the table 9685)
- 2. Starting anywhere in the table, select the units to be sampled by reading the numbers consectively that do not exceed total number of units in the lot.

(EXAMPLE - 500 units to be sampled with 5 samples needed. Presume you start on line 27, column 3 (#685). Since 685 is larger than the number of units in lot, go down col. 3 selecting numbers 64, 32, 187, 37 and 110. When counting units in lot, those units corresponding to these numbers would be sampled.)

				RANDOM	NUMBE	RTABLE				
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
1. 2. 3. 4.	1305 0422 6597 7965 7695	1189 2431 2022 6541 6937	5731 0649 6168 5645 0406	3968 8085 5060 6243 8894	5606 5053 8656 7658 0441	5084 4722 6733 6903 8135	8947 6598 6364 9911 9797	3897 5044 7649 5740 7285	1636 9040 1871 7824 5905	7810 5121 4328 8520 9539
5. 6. 7. 8.	5160 2961 1428 3666 6543	7851 -0551 4183 5642	8464 .0539 4312 4539 7454	6789 8288 5445 1561 9052	3938 7478 4854 7849 6689	4197 7565 9157 7520 1946	5511 5581 9158 2547 2574	0407 5771 5218 0756 9386	9239 5442 1464 1206 0304	2232 8761 3634 2033 7945
10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	9975 4866 8239 8722	6799 5080 0956 7068 9191	7423 7545 6694 3386	3175 7723 5168 3443	9377 8085 3117 0434	6951 4948 1586 4586	6591 2228 0237 4150	8287 9583 5160 1224	8994 4415 9585 6204	7947 5532 7065 1133 0937 7025
15. 16. 17. 18.	1330 2296 3582 5872 1134	9120 2952 7052 9207 6324	8785 4764 3132 7222 6201	8382 9070 4519 6494 3792	2929 6356 9250 8973 5651	7089 9192 2486 3545 0538	3109 4012 0830 6967 4676	6742 0618 8472 8490 2064	2468 2219 2160 5264 0584	1109 7046 9821 7996
20. 21. 22. 23. 24.	1403 3393 1137 7437 8414	4497 7025 7896 5198 8820	7390 3381 3602 8772 3917	8503 3553 0060 6927 7238	8239 2128 7850 8527 9821	4236 1021 7626 6851 6073	8022 8353 0854 2709 6658	2914 6413 6565 5992 1280	4368 5161 4260 7383 9643	4529 855 3 622 0 1071 7761 4553
25. 25. 27. 28. 29.	8398 0995 6657 8875 8399	5224 8935 0755 8369 6702	2749 2939 9685 7868 0586	7311 3092 4017 0190 6428	5740 2496 6581 9278 7985	9771 0359 7292 1709 2979	7826 0318 5643 4253 4513	9533 4697 5064 9346 1970	3800 7181 1142 4335 1989	4553 4035 1297 3769 3105
30. 31. 32. 33. 34.	6703 4730 8400 3647 6789	1024 1653 6834 8002 5197	2064 9032 3187 6726 8037	0393 9855 8688 0877	6815 0957 1079 4552 9262	8502 7366 1480 3238 5497	1375 0325 6776 7542 0005	4171 5178 9888 7804 3986	6970 7959 7585 3933 1767	1201 5371 9998 9475 7981
35. 36. 37. 38.	2630 1374 1572 9678 0882	2721 8625 7625 2877 6781	2810 1644 9110 7579 3538	2354 2185 3342 4409 4935 4090	6323 1587 0239 0449 3092	5679 0762 7059 8119 2365	4931 6057 3415 6969 6001	8336 8011 5537 5383 3446	6662 2666 2250 1717 9985	3566 3759 7292 6719 6007
39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44.	0006 4611 1093 3374 3650	4205 9861 3784 3545 9676	2389 7916 4190 6865 1436	4365 9305 6332 8819 4374	1981 2074 1175 3342 4716	8158 9462 8599 1676 5548	7784 0254 9735 2264 8276	5256 4827 8584 6014 6235	3842 9198 6581 5012 6742	5603 3974 7194 2458 2154
45. 45. 47. 48. 49. 50.	7292 2353 1094 0568 5606 8285	5749 8319 2009 4002 4070 7537	7977 2850 8919 0587 5233 1181	7602 4026 5676 7165 4339 2300	9205 3027 7283 1094 6543 5294	3599 1708 4982 2006 6695 6892	3880 3518 9642 7471 5799 1627	9537 7034 7235 0940 5821 3372	4423 7132 8167 4366 3953 1952	2330 6903 3366 9554 9458 3028

From D. B. Owen's <u>Handbook of Statistical Tables</u>, 1962, Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass., courtesy of the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission.

